Shared Cataloging Program An Overview

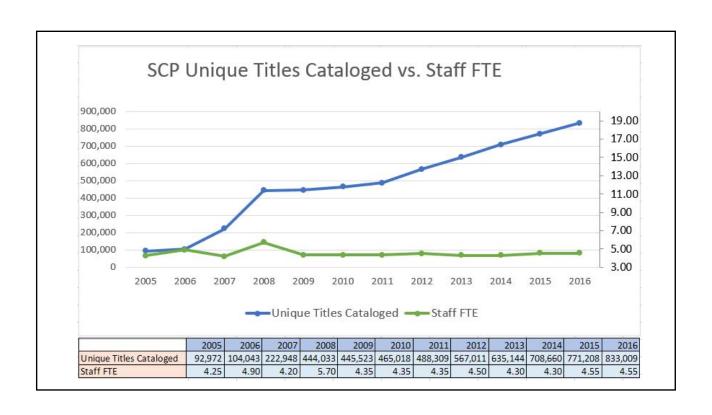
Shi Deng presented at the meeting of Shared Cataloging Program Advisory Committee April 17, 2017

Outline

- A few facts about SCP
- Organization/advisory structure
- Cataloging: policy, practice, staffing, statistics
- Record distribution and maintenance
- Impact on access and usage
- Communication
- Horizon issues

A few facts about SCP

- Established in February 2000
- Cataloging for CDL licensed electronic resources and selected open access resources
- One for Ten (campuses):
 - · Eliminating cataloging redundancy
 - Optimizing cataloging efficiency
- Based at the UC San Diego Library Metadata Services program
- Small size of FTE (4.6 staff + 0.5 student)
 - Mostly funded by CDL (except Chinese FTE on cost share model)
 - 2.1 Librarians (includes 0.3 supervisor/management)
 - 2.5 high level professional staff
 - 0.5 Student for Chinese language processing
- Large size of continuously growing collections
 - Cumulated unique titles as of June 2016: 827,877 titles (see next slide)
- Systems used: UC San Diego Library ILS and OCLC Connexion and Collection Manager (KB)



SCP Organization & Advisory Structures

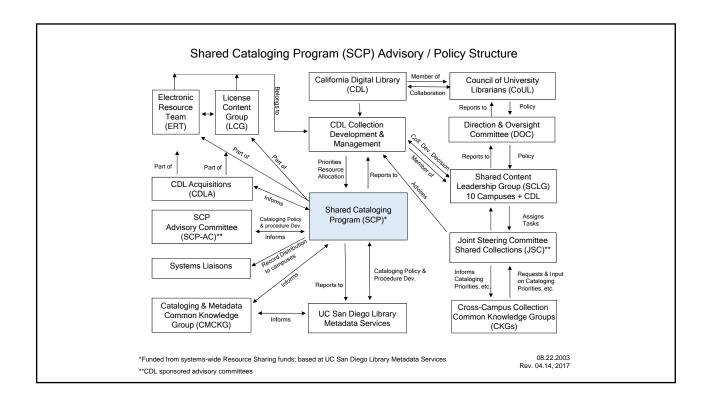
CDL side:

- A Unit of CDL Collection Development & Management
 - Part of CDL License Content Group
 - Part of Electronic Resource Team
- Takes cataloging priority decision from the Joint Steering Committee on Shared Collections.
- Consults SCP Advisory Committee on cataloging policy & practice
- Works closely with CDL Acquisitions staff (also based at UC San Diego Library)

SCP Organization & Advisory Structures

UCSD side:

- A Unit included within Metadata Services program
- Reports to Aislinn Sotelo, Program Director, Metadata Services, UC San Diego Library for the following functions
 - Staff training and professional development
 - Technical support for systems and computers
 - Staff performance appraisal
- Member of Roger Metadata Policy Subgroup on cataloging policy & practice –SCP policy, practice, and system impact on UCSD and vice verse



Cataloging: staffing

A team with members who are technologically savvy, innovative, creative, efficient, and collaborative.

- Annie Ross (0.5 FTE): catalogs for IEEE and ACM packages: mainly conference proceedings
- Becky Culbertson (0.8 FTE): mainly responsible for serials and integrating resources, some monographic packages
- Bie-Hwa Ma: all Chinese e-resource packages, with 0.5 FTE student help
- Donal O'Sullivan: mainly responsible for monographic packages, develops batch cataloging strategic if possible, backup for file extraction, transformation, loads and distributions
- Kate Garvey-Clasby: mainly responsible for file extraction, transformation, loads and distributions, including using OCLC Collection Manager for SCP records maintenance; also catalogs for a few packages (both monographs and serials)
- Shi Deng (0.3 FTE), supervisor/management/liaison

Cataloging: General Policy & Practice

Policy:

- Use single provider-neutral record
 - Serials: Single record approach: generally use record for print
 - Monographs: Separate record approach
- Use persistent URLs: UC e-Links (SFX), PIDs, DOIs, BibPURLs, etc.

Practice:

- A SCP record must have an OCLC number
 - Matching point for record distribution to campuses and Melvyl
- SCP has OCLC Agent authorization for Cataloging Service Mode to add/remove OCLC symbol for each participating campuses

Cataloging: Statistics- 2015/2016

Unique Titles Cataloged as of (Non-Chinese vs. Chinese)

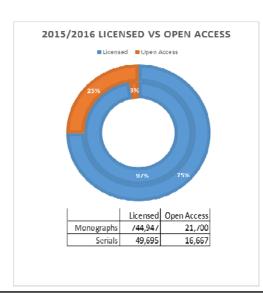
÷	June 30, 2015 ‡	June 30, 2016 ÷	FY 2015/2016 Net Increase	FY 2015/2016 Percentage Increase
Monographs	691,776	744,947	53,171	7.69%
Serials	46,653	49,053	2,400	5.14%
Integrating Resources	612	642	30	4.90%
Chinese Monographs	13,574	15,604	2,030	14.96%
Chinese Serials	12,662	12,841	179	1.41%
Chinese Integrating Resources	28	32	4	14.29%
Total Monographs	713,876	766,015	52,139	7.30%
Total Serials	56,605	61,093	4,488	7.93%
Total Integrating Resources	727	769	42	5.78%
Grand Total	771,208	827,877	5,6669	7.35%

Cataloging: Statistics- 2015/2016

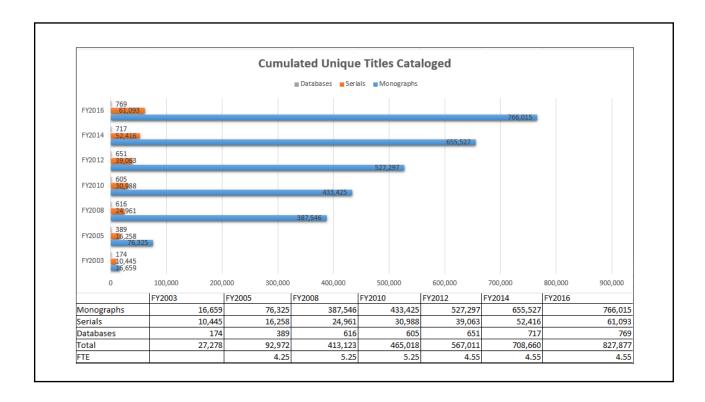
Top Ten Collections Distributed

Top Ten	Monographs		Serials		
1	Naxos audio	22,498	Open access resource selected by the UC Libraries	2,902	
2	ICPSR online datasets	9,261	Reveal Digital. Independent voices online journals	516	
3	Springer monographs	4,993	EBSCO journals	462	
4	TransTech monographs	2,349	JSTOR online journals	456	
5	Superstar. Chinamaxx monographs	2,219	LexisNexis academic online journals	372	
6	IEEE monographs	1,907	Newsbank/Readex newspapers	309	
7	NBER online monographs. Working papers	1,290	Superstar. Chinamaxx journals	150	
8	Elsevier monographs	1,084	BioOne online journals	80	
9	Wiley monographs	1040	Wiley-Blackwell online journals	72	
10	JapanKnowledge online monographs	862	ASCE Library online journals	40	

Cataloging: Statistics- 2015/2016



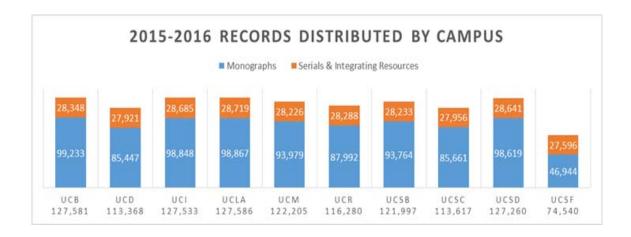




SCP Record Distribution

- Key MARC fields
 - 599: new, update, delete
 - 793: package/sub-package title hooks that go in every record
 - 920: participating campuses (varies between 3 and 10 campuses)
- Files are pulled together weekly
 - Files for monographs and serials are run separately
 - Quality checks for common errors: lack of 793, 856, 920, missing scp at the end of 001, etc.
 - Output files for are created for uploading
- Upload files to UCSD server for pickup
 - Files are split for each campus upon uploading based on 920s
- System Liaison
 - Receive notices if there is a special distribution or changes resulting a large file distribution, etc.

Record Distribution: Statistics- 2015/2016



SCP Record Maintenance

- From aggregators/vendors:
 - add, transfer, remove titles
 - Serial title changes
 - Platform changes
- From reports:
 - CDL helpline
 - UC e-links
 - UCSD Roger catalog reports
- From OCLC Collection Manager:
 - daily report for changes that we have specified in a profile for serials and monographs records

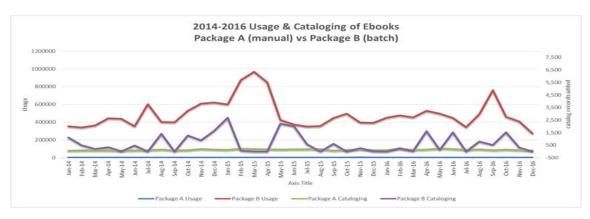
Impact on access and usage: E-books

Library catalog as the primary tool for E-books access, etc.

- 2012 Springer E-book Pilot Project Usage Survey Report:
 - 60% Springer e-book users and 53% general (non-Springer) academic e-book users are most likely to discover and access ebooks from library catalogs
 - Search engines such as Google come behind as 33% and 43%
- 2015 CDL/UCSC focus group study on E-book usage
 - "For your last scholarly book use, where did you get the book of your chosen format?" 7
 out of 31 students indicated that they used ebooks for their last time use. And 4 out of
 the 7 people (57%) indicated that they found the books and retrieved the ebooks from
 their library online catalog.
- 2012 Library staff survey at UCD, UCLA, UCR and UCSD (POT 5 Report)
 - SCP records are heavily used almost by every library functions/services: Reference & Instruction, Collection Development, ILL, Acquisitions, Cataloging, and Access Services

Impact on access and usage: E-books

Impact of catalog records on usage of E-books



Average Monthly Usage: Package A: ~1,500; Package B: ~488,000

Open & Effective Communication is Key

SCP manages its work collaboratively at multiple levels,

- Systemwide advisory committees:
 - JSC –Cataloging priorities
 - SCP-AC -Cataloging policy & practices
- CDL at Oakland:
 - License Content Group
 - Electronic Resource Team
 - CDL Helpline, etc.
- Locally in San Diego:
 - CDL Acquisitions
 - Metadata Services

- System liaison group
 - Record distribution
 - System setup/configuration
- Liaison to Systemwide committees/task forces
 - UC E-book DDA Task Force
 - CONSER UC Funnel
 - Cataloging & Metadata CKG
- Beyond UC system
 - National level: PCC, OCLC, CEAL, etc.
 - International level: ISSN Centre monthly reports, DOAJ cooperation, CALIS, vendors, etc.

Open & effective communication will ensure cataloging efficiency

- · Effective use of resources, time and cost saving
- Resolve issues and answer questions at appropriate level

Horizon Issues

- UCSD ILS/LSP migration
 - Learning about the new system:
 - similarities and differences of functionalities
 - potential impact on SCP workflows: data extraction, transformation, and loading (ETL)
 - Preparing staff for training
 - Preparing data for migration
 - · Updating all relevant procedure documents to reflect changes as needed
- Staffing limitation
 - Prioritization
 - Enabling staff: training and professional development
- Technology advancement
 - Making use of advanced tools for optimizing cataloging efficiency (OCLC batch feature, MarcEdit, OpenRefine, etc.)
 - Monitoring OCLC KB development